#### **UBUNTU LINUX VM INSTALLATION GUIDE**

by Kamran Khan

The Computer Organization course at Northeastern introduces the students to Assembly Language programming of latest Intel x86 64bit processors. There are two popular Assembler tools with their own syntax. Microsoft provides one under Visual Studio. It uses Intel command syntax. The other one is provided free with all Linux Operating Systems. Its command set uses AT&T (Bell Labs) syntax. The textbook examples are created using the second one. I have, therefore, made this guide to help you install a popular Linux Operating System i.e. **Ubuntu Desktop** version 16.04.2 LTR (Long Term Release i.e. it is supported for 5 years). The next version 17 is not recommended as it is a short term release.

#### INSTALLATION OF UBUNTU LINUX ON VIRTUAL BOX

#### Step - 1:

I'd highly recommend that you check the system **BIOS** (Basic Input Output System) of your computer to see if virtualization is enabled. Mostly, it is not enabled on low end laptops. It is the resident software that loads your Windows or other operating system into memory.

- 1) Shutdown the computer. Windows 10 normally does fast hybrid shutdown. Press and hold Shift Key then choose Start Menu -> Power -> Shutdown to completely turn off the machine.
- 2) Start the computer and press the key suggested by manufacturer of your brand to open the BIOS screen before the OS starts after self-test. Mostly, keys like Del, Esc, F2, F10 are used. You get few moments. If you miss it, try again. Search it on the web before starting your process. You will see a screen showing options similar to the following picture under one of the menu tabs:

Advanced Processor Configuration		Item Specific Help
CPU Mismatch Detection:	[Enabled]	When enabled, a UMM
Core Multi-Processing:	[Enabled]	(Virtual Machine
Processor Power Management:	[Disabled]	Monitor) can utilize
Intel(R) Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]	the additional hardware
Execute Disable Bit:	[Enabled]	capabilities provided by Vanderpool
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch:	[Disabled]	Technology.
Hardware Prefetch:	[Disabled]	
Direct Cache Access	[Disabled]	If this option is changed, a Power Off-Or sequence will be
Set Max Ext CPUID = 3	[Disabled]	applied on the next boot.

# Step - 2

Oracle VirtualBox is a free virtualization software. Type the following URL in the browser address bar and download the software.

1) Enter https://www.virtualbox.org and click to download, as shown:



VirtualBox is a powerful x86 and AMD64/Intel64 virtualization product for enterprise as well as home use. Not only is \ high performance product for enterprise customers, it is also the only professional solution that is freely available as O the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2. See "About VirtualBox" for an introduction.

Presently, VirtualBox runs on Windows, Linux, Macintosh, and Solaris hosts and supports a large number of guest oper to Windows (NT 4.0, 2000, XP, Server 2003, Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10), DOS/Windows 3.x, Linux (2. OpenSolaris, OS/2, and OpenBSD.

VirtualBox is being actively developed with frequent releases and has an ever growing list of features, supported guest runs on. VirtualBox is a community effort backed by a dedicated company: everyone is encouraged to contribute while meets professional quality criteria.

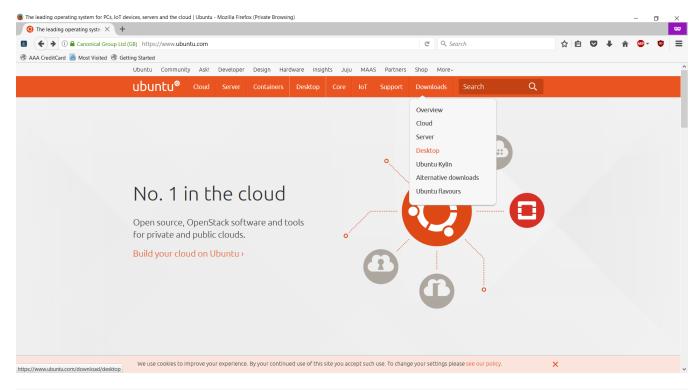


2) Run the downloaded executable program to install this software.

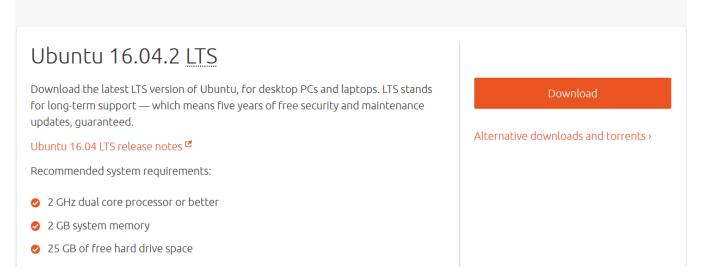
## Step - 3:

Ubuntu is a very popular Linux operating system. You will have to download the DVD image (.iso) file of the installation media from the official website. It is approximately 1.4 GB in size. Please follow the steps:

- 1) Enter https://www.ubuntu.com in the address bar of your browser.
- 2) Choose Downloads on orange Menu bar and select Desktop (see picture below).
- 3) There are two Ubuntu Desktop versions available. We will choose the first one as shown.



# Download Ubuntu Desktop

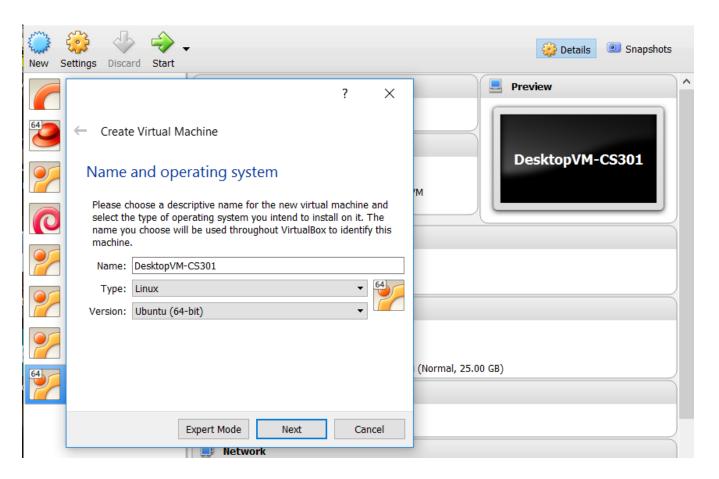


4) The downloaded file name is: ubuntu-16.04.2-desktop-amd64.iso

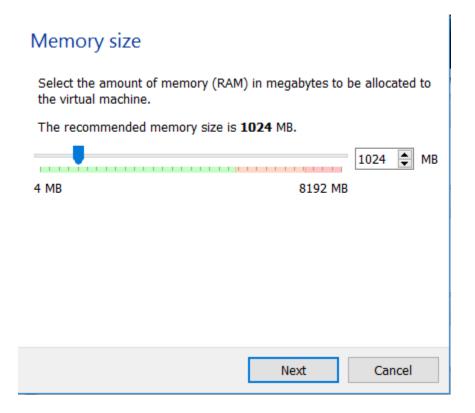
## Step - 4:

Now you are ready to install the Linux Operating System on a virtual machine. First of all we will create a machine. Please follow the steps:

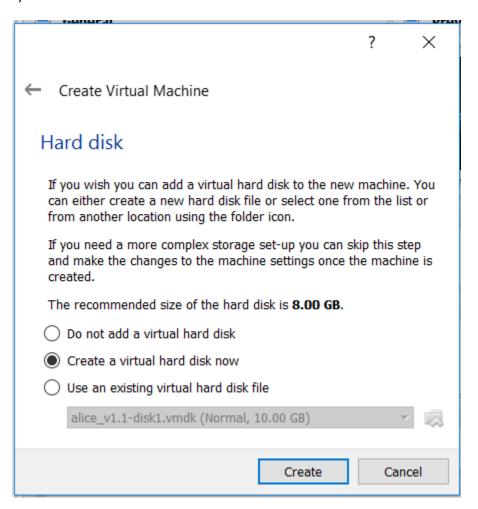
- 1) Double click on Oracle VM VirtualBox icon on your desktop to start the software.
- 2) Click on blue "New" button on the top toolbar to start the wizard. The following screen will be shown. Enter the Name of VM like DesktopVM-CS301, Type Linux, Version Ubuntu (64-bit).



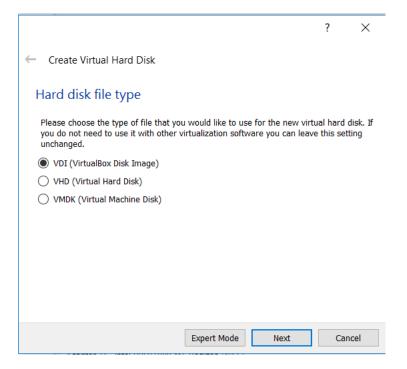
3) Push Next. You will see the following screen. You may choose 2 GB memory for this VM if your computer has got 4 GB or more RAM, else you can keep it to 1 GB (1024 MB) if your RAM is 2 Gig.



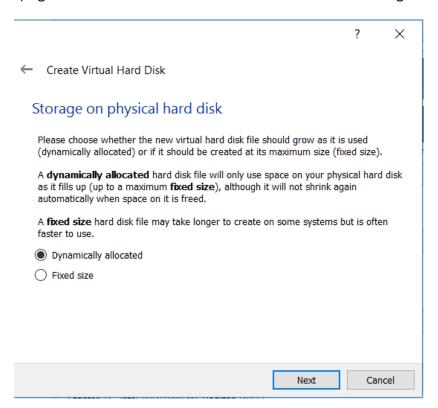
4) Next screen asks to create Hard Disk. Push the Create button.



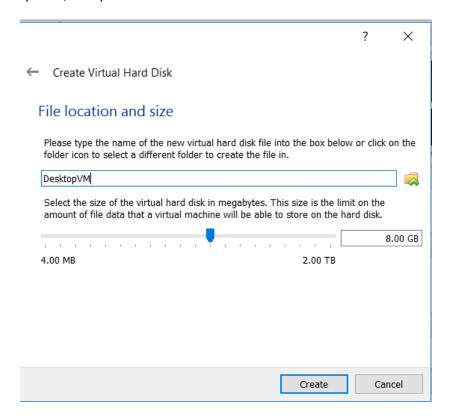
5) Choose default Disk type. Push Next Button on the following screen.



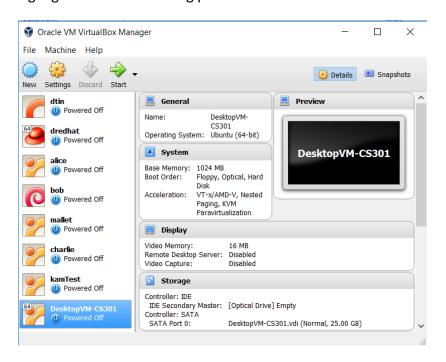
6) Again choose default. Push Next Button on the following screen.



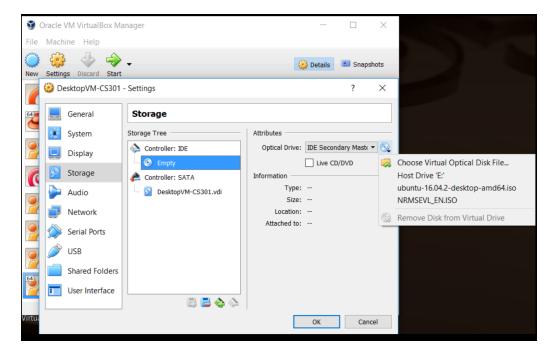
7) The recommended Disk size is 25 GB. Move the slider to at least 20 GB, if limited space on your system, and push Next button. This will create a virtual hard disk image file of VDI type.



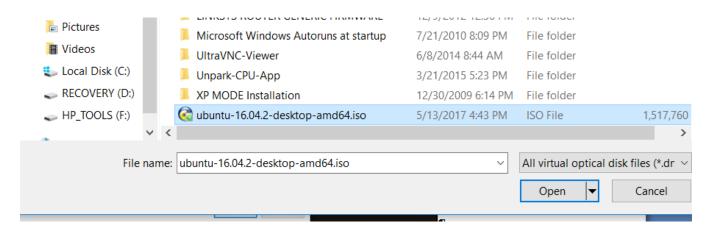
8) The newly created Virtual Machine will be shown on left side of VirtualBox window. It is shown highlighted in the following picture.



9) Now, we will attach the downloaded Ubuntu Linux installation media DVD (.iso file) to the virtual optical drive of this machine. Click on Settings button on top toolbar when machine is highlighted as shown above. Then click on Storage. The optical drive icon shows Empty. On the right edge, a dropdown is attached to another optical disk icon. Click to show menu and select "Choose Virtual Optical Disk File."



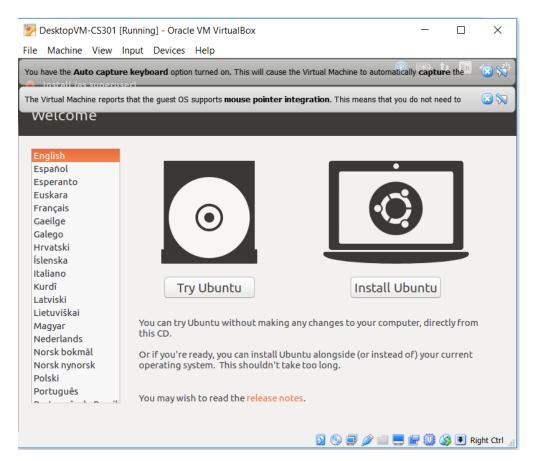
10) File selection dialogue box will open. Navigate to the folder where .iso file is located. If you downloaded using Firefox browser, it should be located in <code>Downloads folder</code>, as shown below:



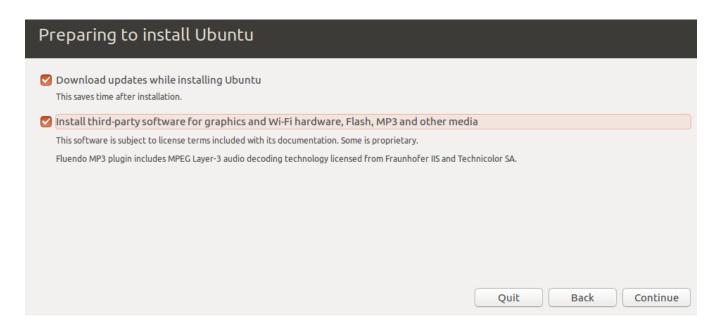
Select the file and click Open. Then push OK button on the dialogue box to complete the attachment.

## Step -5:

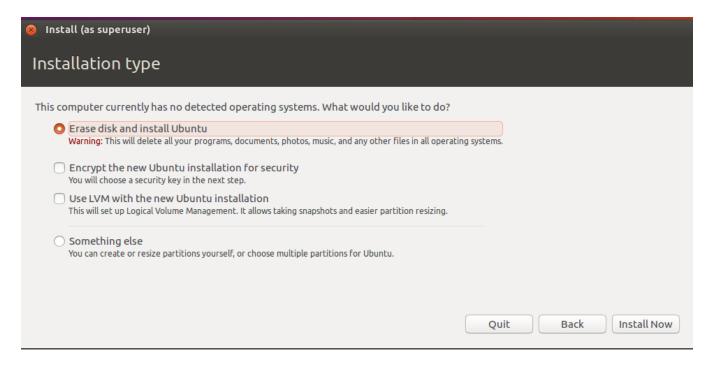
1) Now, we are ready to install the Ubuntu Operating System on our newly created Virtual Machine. Push the Start button on top Toolbar when machine name is highlighted in the window.



After few minutes of boot up process you will see the above screen. There are two tool tips on the top, that may be closed by clicking on "x" buttons. Drag the right and bottom edges of the window to make it wider and longer as some buttons may not be visible in small screen. Then click on "Install Ubuntu". This will start installation dialogues, as shown in the following picture:



Select both check boxes and click Continue. The following screen will be displayed.



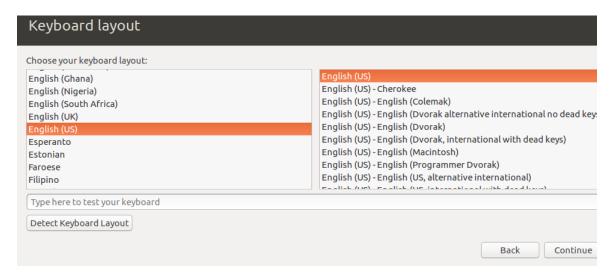
Let the first option remain selected and push "Install Now". A dialogue will appear to warn you that all contents of the "virtual" Disk will be erased. Just click Continue.



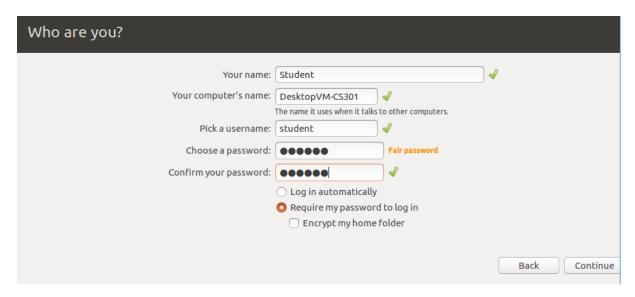
Choose your location on the next screen and push Continue, as follows:



Choose default Keyboard layout and push Continue, as shown below:



Now, enter your name and desired machine name, etc. and push Continue.

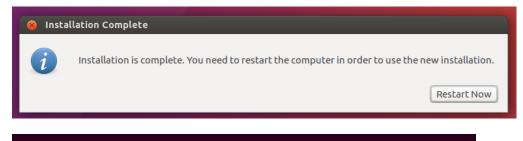


Now, sit back and relax. The installation of Ubuntu OS will take 15-30 minutes.



**NOTE:** Make sure your **computer's sleep settings are "Never" when plugged in**, before you leave the computer un-attended to grab a cup of coffee. It is recommended to run any virtual machine while the power is on, to avoid any un-intended consequences.

The following dialogues appears at the end of installation. Push "Restart Now".



Please remove the installation medium, then press ENTER:

DVD is already ejected. Just press Enter button on keyboard.



Enter your password and login to the OS.

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